

Items

Irving of Emmett is visiting Mrs. Laura Kelley.

E. Lanham went to Nampa to attend the Iowa Picnic on Thursday.

Mrs. Babe Stunz of Horseshoe spent Wednesday afternoon at Cascade.

Mrs. Gannon, who operates the Lake Hotel, were in town today.

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Mr. and Mrs. E. Gillette of Boise and her sister, Mrs. E. R. Lyells, were in town Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Mary Katherine and Betty McAuley are the guests of Mrs. Lou Jones at the Ben Rice at Landmark this week.

Mr. Hulse, who has been working for Hallack and Howard planer, was in town Tuesday for his home at Miss Montana.

Miss Gertrude Hillmon, who has been visiting at the D. K. Allen home, left Thursday for her home in Everett. Everett and Julia Allen are in town by car.

WELFARE—Donations of any kind for welfare work. Leave at Welfare Room or at the Valley Club. —Welfare Committee.

Mr. and Mrs. Schoenwald and family were in town last week for Emmett where they will be connected with the Merit Store being located there. Schoenwalds have been residents of Cascade for several years, Mr. Schoenwald having been with the C. Anderson Co.

Mrs. F. E. Robb, Mrs. A. D. Robb and Mrs. Iva Madden were hostesses at a series of parties last week and will be in town to stay each

President Roosevelt Pens Approval To Social Security Bill

President Roosevelt Wednesday signed into law the social security bill which has been before Congress for the past seven months and which will necessitate the biggest single tax program the nation has ever had. Major provisions of the law are:

Federal grants to states on a 50-50 basis for pensions to needy old persons over 65 years provided through a \$49,750,000 authorization for the 1936 fiscal year. The government's share in such pensions is restricted to a maximum of \$15 per month.

Beginning in 1942, contributory old age pensions, ranging from \$10 to \$85 a month, are planned. These will be raised by eventually taxing employers and employees 3 per cent each on salaries up to \$3,000 a year.

In 1937, 1938 and 1939, the tax on employers and employees will be one half one per cent each, increasing one half per cent each every 3 years until 1949 when it becomes 3 per cent each. This is expected to cover almost 25 million workers, and by 1950 to raise \$1,877,200,000 annually.

Employers also will be taxed on their payrolls to encourage states to set up unemployment insurance systems. Deductions up to 90 per cent will be allowed for payments made to state funds, and benefits will be fixed by state laws.

Beginning next year, employers of eight or more persons will be taxed 1 per cent for the unemployment benefits, increasing to 2 per cent in 1937 and 3 per cent in 1938. This is expected to raise 826 million dollars annually beginning in 1938.

Farm Labor, domestics, government and casual workers are excluded from both unemployment and old age taxes. A federal subsidy of four million dollars in 1936 and 49 million dollars subsequently is provided to assist states in administering unemployment insurance laws.

time ago.

Secretary Wallace said at a conference that the change decided upon after the August report indicated that wheat production this year would be reduced 608,000,000 bushels, largely because of black rust and heat damage

U. S. GOVERNMENT HAS APPROXIMATELY 1,000,000 THOUSANDS OF WORKERS

Washington-(IPS)—The Service Commission's monthly personnel table for June shows more than 1,000,000 civilian employees have been added to the government establishment since the beginning of the new Administration. The monthly payroll is now \$1,000,000,000, with total government employees as of June 30, of 7,177,712.

In Washington, 36,600 employees have been added in the 29 months bringing the total to 103,453. This is a war time peak of civilian government employees in Washington, only 117,000 and over 900,000 in the entire country.

DIRECTOR OF GRAZING ISSUES PERMITS

Blackfoot, Idaho, Aug. 13.—According to instructions just received by I. H. Masters, register of the United States Land office here, the director of Grazing or his representative is authorized, in accordance with the provisions of the grazing act of June 28, 1934, to issue permits or licenses to graze in duly established grazing districts or to take adverse action on applications therefor subject to the right of appeal to the Secretary of the Interior.

At present this applies only to District One in Idaho, it being the only district formed to date. The regulation will be applicable to applications for grazing privileges in Districts Two and Three, as soon as they are formed.

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