

LIBERTY

EAGLE



MAJOR, KNAPP & CO., NEW YORK.

THE WONDERFUL STATUE!

Erected on Bedloe's Island,

The Statue presented by the French Nation to the
People of the United States;

Height of Statue,

Height of Pedestal above high water, 154 ft. 10 in.

Approach to the Balcony around the Torch is obtained by means of steam elevators and winding stairs. The Torch is lighted at night by Electricity, (50,000 candle power,) illuminating the sky and the surrounding country for miles and throwing a powerful and brilliant ray of light far out to sea; forming, altogether, one of the grandest spectacles to be seen in any part of the globe.

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"Liberty Enlightening the World."
in the Harbor of New York,
the Pedestal being built by popular subscriptions
from the American people.

Making total height of Statue above the level of
the sea, nearly 306 ft.

~~Moxias
just south
of Indian
13 miles~~

A Race that wasn't run.

We were discussing the merits of various noted foot-racers - the amounts won and lost by betting on races that were thrown off. When a grizzled old ~~pioneer~~ ^{man} that we called grand-dad stepped in, for the first time during the evening - saying that he once witnessed a ~~square~~ race in the early 60th at Ft. Benton ~~Montana~~ that certainly was not thrown, Tell us all about it grand-dad came from the ~~Boys~~ ^{Prairie}.

The old man after slowing away his pipe ^{took} spun us the following story "In 63 or may be it was in '64 a lot of us wolfers were

camped at Fort Benton Montana
blowing in our spring catch of
Wolf Skins, while waiting for ^{the}
to grow on the prospective
fall and winter catch. We
passed the time in horse racing,
gambling, shooting at marks - and
on two occasions there were live
men for targets; however, that
has nothing to do with the foot
race - in fact, there were really
two footraces, by the same party.
The first one took place one
evening when a young Blackfoot
Indian struck the fort badly
winded and slightly wounded
with 30 or 30 Crow Indians, &

close second. I happened to be standing by the ~~open~~^{open} door of the stockade or you might call it - the small gate and taking in the situation I swung it open for the young Siwash - but closed it while the howling mob of crows were sliding off their horses.

The Crows demanded entrance or that the young Blackfeet be delivered up to them - As it was against the rules of the post - to allow more than a couple of Indian inside the stockade at a time I had a good excuse to bar them ~~out~~^{out}, While we were doing a some hand talk back side

the head putting in a lot of loud mouth talk in his own lingo to give the sign talk more force, trader came out to see what the ~~was~~ trouble was about. After getting the Cow side of the ~~sackett~~^{differently} he told them that he would hold the Blackfoot a pris~~on~~er until the next morning and by that time would decide what was to be done with him.

As it happened ~~took~~ there was a young doctor fresh from the states stopping there at time, he was a cousin or nephew of the bus trader I don't remember which, and I can't recall his name - if I ever heard it, the trader called him Henry but ~~was~~ ^{was} trappers ~~feathers~~ called him Doc,

unless we wanted to be funny
when we called ^{him} him
and referred to him as "pills"
or "saw-bones," which was all the
same to "Doc," as he was a good
sociable ~~fellow~~ and all the boys
liked him. Doc had recently
graduated from some ^{espouse} college
or medical school and had
come out west as he called it,
to rest up before starting in
to practice. As we and I were
quite clumsy he called me
in to act as interpreter. Of
course Doc didn't ^{understand} ~~savvy~~ the sign
language as they don't teach it
in college. First Doc examined
the wound which was just a

a small open cut across the
leg below his hock - just the
width and ^{half the} depth of a musket-
ball, of course. Doc sprung
it out and dressed it, while I
was jumping the young timer.
It appears that he, in company
with ~~with~~ two of his horse-thief
friends had made a sneak
over to the Judith river, ^{country} to
a camp of mountain Crows
and swiped a small bunch
of their best horses he dwelt
particularly on one beautiful
pinto (spotted horse) which, as
you young fellows would term
it, he wanted for his best girl.

As the Crows discovered their
loss at daylight - the three young
butters only had a few hours
start and it being very dark
had made slow time, before
noon their pursuers were in
sight, and the race was on in
dead earnest; all headed for the
mouth of the Marias river which
empties into the Missouri river on
north side below Ft. Benton, the
boys were so hard pressed on
reaching the main river that
they were obliged to abandon the
horses they were driving but each
still had a led horse of course
our hero was leading the pinto.

They took to the water like ducks
but our horse thief friend felt
the sting of a Crow bullet while
scrambling up the opposite bank -
said he thought a wasp had
stung him until he looked down
and saw the blood. After reaching
the top of the bank the boys lost
some time shooting with their
pistols at the swimming crows.

You know when a swash
is on a horsstealing raid
he seldom carries anything but
a pistol and a belt full of
moccasins as they go on foot.
Well they had the satisfaction of
killing one of their enemy

while they were busy scalping
and mutilating his chums he
before taking to the brush
where they were soon surrounded
by the crows and in the short-
but desperate fight ^{that followed} his two
companions were killed and
he saved his scalp ^{only} by abandoning
his two horses and crawling
back through the brush to the
bank of the Missouri.
then followed up the river under
cover of the bank until he
was out of sight of the crows
^{when} he climbed up and ^x made a
bee-line ^{across the big bend} for the fort but was
discovered by a crow boy who
had been left in care of the re-
captured horses on the opposite

108

side of the river - but it must have been some time before the boy could make known the discovery to his excited companions, for, as before stated, ^{my Blackfoot} he reached the post a short-distance in the lead.

The young rascal gave his name as "Red dog," he showed no excitement whatever, in fact he wore a broad grin during his recital except when referring to the pinto horse - the loss of which seemed to worry him more than did the death of his two companions, ~~in fact~~ he appeared to regard the whole thing as a good joke excepting the loss of that one horse.

||
to

Doc. and I talked the matter over
and decided that the young dan-
devil ought to at least be given
a fighting chance for his life.
In answer to our question he said
yes he would fight any one of
the Crows with knife, pistol or rifle.
In fact he was willing to fight the
whole outfit one at a time. The little
devil was certainly game from scalf
back to the sole of his moccasins.

Suddenly Doc. brightened up - an new
idea had struck him - he requested
me to ask the boy if he could run
fast. When the question was put
~~to him~~^{asked}, he showed a little shame
in admitting that several ^{members} of his

H 12

tribe could out-run him.

When I asked Doc what he was figuring on, he said that ^{if the} matter could ^{be} arranged so as to give him a couple of weeks to train and fit the young fellow notwithstanding his lack of points for a sprinter, he thought he could put him in shape to out-run the whole Crow nation. Well, Doc and I spent the balance of the night planning details.

When the program was given the boss trader in the morning, he explained to us that the only interest he had in the matter was to keep on friendly terms

with both tribes as both Crows
and Blackfeet were good customers,
that he had had some difficulty
in arranging for the Crows to
~~wallowd b~~ ^{b to bad} cross the river, which was the
dividing line between the two
tribes. Of course it was simply
a matter of business with him.

A party with the Crows ~~was~~ ^{had} lasted
several hours. They admitted they
had recovered all of the stolen
horses but said they had lost
three warriors, one in the river
and two in the fight in the
brush. Their argument was
that it would require Reddy's
scalp to even up the score.

none of the crows seemed
over keen to fight the young
Blackfoot - which was our first
proposition - not that we prefer-
red it - but just to make our
^{later} proposition more certain of
acceptance. The final agreement
was that as soon as Reddogs
wound, which we claimed was
very bad, should be sufficiently
healed ^{and} not later than ten
days, he should be turned loose
with only thirty steps the start
without weapons of any kind
while they, the Crows, would
be allowed to carry knives but
no shooting bows.

To this the crows ^{the} readily consented as they claimed to have some very fast runners in their outfit.

The crows with their stock were compelled to cross over to the south side of the river opposite the trading ^{post} (E. Bank) This was in compliance with some former treaty agreement between them and the traders. Even when they came to trade, their robes and furs were unpacked on the south bank and brought across the river in the traders boats except for that purpose, their camp being located on the south side.

Red dog was a small slim fellow not to exceed 20 years old slightly bow-legged and pigeon toed.

that is, he toed in while walking or running ^{but he was a wiry} little devil to my certain knowledge as Doc had so ped me into the game of giving Red dog the necessary exercise while in training. It didn't require much coaxing on Doc's part either as at the time I was scarcely more than a big husky boy myself, besides I was quite anxious to see ^{Red dog} win the race.

Of course Doc attended closely to the dieting - looked after and gave us our instructions in the exercise ^{all} ~~most~~ of which had to be done inside the stockade

or in a very large upper stor
room. I don't think the Indian
really understood what it all meant
but he was satisfied to keep at it
when I told him that the young
doctor was a medicine man
and was making ^{good} medicine for
him to run fast, and that as
unless he ~~did~~ as instructed
he would break the medicine
and loose the race and his
scalp with it. I don't know how
proficient Doc was in Greek
and Latin but he certainly was
a daisy in putting splinters in
form. Before the ten days were
up Red Dog was as supple and active

as a conger.

The race was to be pulled off at sundown, just ten days to the ~~from~~
minute from the time Red Dog
skipped through the gate.

I made every grey wolf
about the place dig up the
price of a wolf skin (about \$1)
to invest in beef to give
the crows a big eat the day
of the race. In fact we had
looked after the matter of
seeing them well supplied with
grub during the whole time.

The little town of Benton
a short distance above the
trading post - turned out in

~~en masse~~
~~were~~ to see the race, and betting
was lively on the results.

When 18 fat-matty crows ~~were~~
the lantern that had been stretched
on the ground, each stripped
to breech-cloth and were again
all gripping their murderous
looking knives it certainly
looked ^{to an outsider} as though little Red dog
would soon meet his two chums
in the happy hunting ground.

I felt confident that our boy would
win ^{out} as Doc had told me that the
gap would widen from the
crack of the pistol that would
turn them loose. I noticed that
contented and happy goin on Red

dogs face as Doc lead him out
to his stand, and I wasn't sorry
that I had bet two good horses
on Doc's judgment on the results.
~~of course we knew that Dog would~~
^{rel}
not throw the race.

"Say, fellows, did you ever see a
~~little~~ ^{little} ~~old~~ puppy chasing a flying
bird? Red dog was the bird. The
crows were pup."

But what do you think that
foolhardy little dare devil ^{did} ~~done~~?
you think he kept up his licks
until he struck home. Not so,
as soon as it was dark he dou-
led back - swam the river, stole
the pinto and another good horse

20 21

and, as they say in stories, made good his escape!

The crows sent up a howl on discovering their loss and at once laid the thief to Red dog but they lacked the necessary nerve to follow him up into the Blackfoot country.

Most of the whites doc. included, scouted the idea of ^{its} being the work of Red dog - but all doubts were put at rest a few days later when an old "Broed" from up country came to the post inquiring for the white medicine-Man and on meeting the doctor handed him a carefully wrapped paper which proved to be a letter from our hero.

~~21~~ 22

of course the boy couldn't write
English or French but his letter was
quite readable all the same.

There was no mistaking his
signature even if it was at the
beginning instead of the close
of the letter. A dog with head,
ears and tail erect- daubed over
with vermillion no doubt furnished
by his lady love. A picture of his
moccasin tracks leading back
to the river after his forever
tracks had turned back.

The river ^{he} represented by two par-
allel lines a short distance apart
with a canoe and several small
fish between, ^{lines} also a picture suppo-

3 picnic to say the least. —
To make a long story short. more
than a month later I returned to
the Agency - fifty lbs lighter in flesh
and \$400 - lighter in purse than
when I started. almost entirely
deaf and have never since fully
recovered my hearing. Owing to
traitors in my company and my
severe illness I made no arrests
but succeeded in spotting the
guilty parties making it possible
to capture them that fall and
their lives paid the penalty
of their crime. All this work
^{was} gratis as I furnished my own
equipments and when it was
possible purchased supplies
for the entire party which
consisted of about fifty warriors.
That fall before I had fully recovered
from my illness. with the financial

4/ assistance of my friends 2
again purchased the trading post.
Paying \$1,500- the same that I had
sold for a year previous. After run-
ning the place one year I sold a
one half interest to J. W. High
former Indian Agent at the same
figure I had paid. Together we
continued in the business but one
year, selling to W. H. Shilling
buildings and good will at \$1,500-
goods at cost and freight.

Ten years later fall of (1883) by
the urgent request of the Indians
I bought the place back from
Shilling, who had in the mean
time built a commodious frame stone
by the side of the old log stone
and used the latter for stone house
etc. However the price was the
same \$1,500- for buildings and good
will. goods at cost laid down

5 Shilling had also opened another store on the reservation some twelve miles south, at the junction of the Utah & Northern R_y and Oregon short-line. I also purchased from him this store and goods at cost. The two places involved a trifle less than \$20,000. I paid one half cash, and gave three notes for balance 6-9 & 12 months with one cent per month interest secured by mortgage on the entire property. As the principal Indian trade was at Ross Fork. I moved my family there. Was appointed Postmaster for the third time. Am also Agent for the Pacific Express Co there, and still make that my home. Keeping my two oldest children in school seventy five miles distant. Everything ran on smoothly until last fall, when

6) in due time I forwarded my bonds, duly approved sending on at the same time my application for renewal of license.

Instead of my license coming I was shown by Dr Cook "then Agent" a license to one James S. Campbell. Shortly after this I learned Campbell's address and wrote him, telling him what my buildings had cost, amount of stock on hand. Also asked him if he wished me to keep up the stock; when he would come on &c. His reply was he could give me no definite answer until he had looked the ground over. would be on soon. About two months later Campbell came on via of Ogden Utah where he stopped a few days. I learned what day he would be at Pocatello. (my lower store) and drove down to meet him.

I found him at the Hotel - took
him over to the stone and introduced
him to the boys, "clerks". The
Capt- said that while in Ogden
he met a great many men that
knew me and they all without
exception spoke well of me.
That he could see that I was
very popular and that he wanted
my influence, and that he came
here to give me a square deal.
I told the Capt if he felt that
way he would find me the easi-
est man in the world to trade
with, and that I would do all
in my power to aid and assist
him to get started in right.
I was pleased at the way he
talked. supposing that I could
make a satisfactory cash sale
to him as he said he was backw-

by \$4,000,000. But the next day while driving him up to Ross Fork my confidence in him was a little shaken when he said to me now listen if I get the best of you in this trade I dont want you to kick and I wont if you get the best of me. My answer was that I did not understand that either party would try to take any advantage that he had said the night before that he came to give me a square deal if so I should certainly not try to get any the best of him in the trade. After looking over Ross Fork the Capt. asked me what I asked for the entire business. I said to him that as my buildings at Pocatello were new and the goods were good clean

9

stock suitable for the trade,
I thought that it was well worth
every dollar that it had cost
me. But as my buildings at
Ross Fork should by right be
moved down to the Ry track
(near the Agency) I was willing
to throw off what it would cost
to move them, or move them
myself and put them in at
the old price \$1,500. Mr. Campbell
said that was fair and as soon
as his man came we would fix
things up or words to that effect.
I asked him now about ordering
goods as I was short of some
things. In answer he said he
preferred to order his goods, though
he could buy cheaper than I could
&c. Consequently I did not order
letting my stock run down and

10/ waited patiently for weeks for
his man. In the mean time
the Capt. had told some of my
friends that he did not think
he would buy me out at all.
As my buildings were too small
that my goods were old shelf worn
goods &c. Hearing this and being
very anxious to sell. the next
time I met the Capt I made
him a still better proposition.
Offering to throw off \$500. on the Ross
Fork stone also to throw in coal
and furniture amounting to about
\$250- more. He again said it
was all right and if his man
did not come on within a few
days we would go on without him
and fix the thing up. This kind
of talk ran on for several weeks
longer during which time my stock
was getting low and running out

11/ of many staple articles, ordering
the same in small lots in many
instances by express as my custom-
ers demanded. putting off taking
stock and making necessary impr-
ovements. The Capt Man (or partner
as he proved to be) finally came
and I learned on meeting him,
that Mr. Walker, was the man
I had to deal with if I made
the trade. Before this Campbell
had asked me on at least two
occasions how I would like to
be associated with him in the
business. I told him that it wou-
ld not suit me as I wished to
get out of the business entirely as
I preferred giving my whole time
to my mining interests. In the mean-
time I had learned through Brad-
street's Commercial Agency that the
Capt finances were very limited

In the fall of 1867- I bought a
one half interest- in what was then
known as the Ross Fork home station
on the Corinne and Montana Stage
road, which is situated in the
Snake river valley Idaho and
about 200 miles north of Salt
Lake City-Utah- The next spring
68- the Fort Hall reservation
was established. (Taking in my
station). And one Major Powell
sent them as Agent- Powell only
remained a few months when
he was superseded by a military
Agent- Mrs H. Danilson, Through
Major Danilson we were granted a
license as Indian traders, there being
none at the time on the Reservation.
^{Danilson in turn was superseded by J. C. High with}
two years later, I sold my interest

to my position. All Show, " small
monsters on their small buffaloes
and - to the first lesson and then
restuning lot in the afternoon. & we
will by April - right there down at the
end of hours on Camino Real a fast
mule mors from the California and
that little one of the family and
dinnerly number the other two.
staying that a old leather of old
had just - a little from the show
had found small lumber the old
own but found no solution.
After which began me to live a
few of hours that I could
down little as to capture the number
of finally accept the professor
although this was not a doctor

in it, even furnishing my own horses
and equipments, selecting about fifty
Indians with only a few days rations
I started on the trip. The second
day out I had a severe attack
of fever, and my judgement was
to return, but my pride kept me
from doing so, fearing some would
think I had weakened, "showed the
white feather". I continued getting worse
but kept on, but before reaching the
murderers camp I found I had
traitors in my party who had deser-
ted me going on in the night and
warning the enemy of our approach.
On reaching the camp I soon found
out who the guilty parties were
and also learned that they had
lit out for the hills. by this

time the fever "Typhoid" had gained such a strong hold on me that I was nearer dead than alive and had to be lifted on and off my horse by the Indians. Knowing that I could accomplish nothing more then, I took a few trusty Indians and started on for Boise City, the nearest white settlements. To make a long story short, I reached Boise City completely used up. I remained there some three weeks under a doctor's care a very sick man. About this time I received letters and saw statement in the papers that the Indians had gathered in Indian Valley some eight miles to the north west and were very insolent to the few settlers there tearing down their fences and living

then ponies in grain fields, demanding provisions &c. Without the knowledge or consent of my Doctor, I left the Hotel went to the stable and ordered my best horse saddled. Armed with my Winchester rifle two six shotts and a bottle of quinine I rode to the Indian camp in two days. I called the Indians together and gave them good talking to also called on the ranchers who had remained (some having already left for safer quarters) telling them while I did not think there was any danger of a general outbreak to be well on their guard. The fever was still on me and I was getting weaker all this time, after remaining several days with a ranch man

and my medicine was exhausted
I found it impossible to return on
horseback to Boise. So I sent my
honor there by an Indian. Hired a
ranchman that had a light-
spring wagon to take me down
to the Oregon & Boise Stage road
at Weiser. I finally got back to
Boise by riding one station at a
time laying over 24 hours resting
and waiting for the next stage.
I was again under the doctors care
some two weeks begging him to break
the fever or kill me, as by this
time I was so weak that I cared
but little what became of me
during these last two weeks I became
almost entirely deaf, and have
never only partially recovered

my hearing. On questioning the Dr.
(Dr. Betts formerly of San Francisco)
I became satisfied that my chances
for recovery wasn't any too good.
So I resolved to get back to the
Agency. Paid the Dr. an even \$400
for his services. He was very light-
on me so he said as I was a
stranger and out of luck, and
further encouraged me by telling
me that I would not live to
get to Ft. Hall and that it-
was madness for me to attempt
such a journey in my condition,
whereupon I told him the only thing
I could thank him for was for leaving
me money enough to give me a decent
burial if I should peg out on the
road home. I sent my horses back

across the country by an Indian
and took the stage for Teton ^{Wyo}
on the C.P.R.R. The Stage Co made
the coach as comfortable for me
as possible by removing the middle
seat and fixing in a mattress
for me. instructing their drivers
to do all in their power for me on
the trip. Thanks to John Haily (our
present delegate to Congress from
Idaho) who was then owner and man-
ager of the stage line, I reached
the Reservation I hardly know how
as I was delirious and unconscious
a good portion of the journey of
over 400 miles of staging and about
one half that distance railroading
after reaching there when I had
strength enough to stand on my feet.

I weighed but 112 lbs - which was
58 lbs of less flesh than I started
out with - but with careful nursing
& medical treatment - of the Preserva-
tion Dr (Smeal) I was on my feet
again in sixty days and all right
with the exception of being partly
deaf. and assisted in laying
plans and watching for the Indians
that I had spotted as the murde-
rs. late that fall they came in
on the reservation. soon after their
arrival they found their camp
surrounded one morning before
day light - by a co of Toquassos
"Black Coats" as they call the soldiers
and what citizen there were in the
vicinity. When they found they were
surrounded. they gave up the men

wanted. They were taken to St Hall and put in the guard house where they remained until the next sun but as there appeared to be no law that would reach their case, there was a fitter job put up by the boys in blue for their benefit. Lead them to believe that they was going to help them get-away and on a certain evening the pris' ^{7 in all} owners made a break for liberty and 3 of the number did get-away notwithstanding the whole co of soldiers had their horses saddled and was ready to hunt them down. However the two ring leaders, were killed