

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—FOREST SERVICE

W 209

Land district. Mag. declin.

Area _____ acres _____

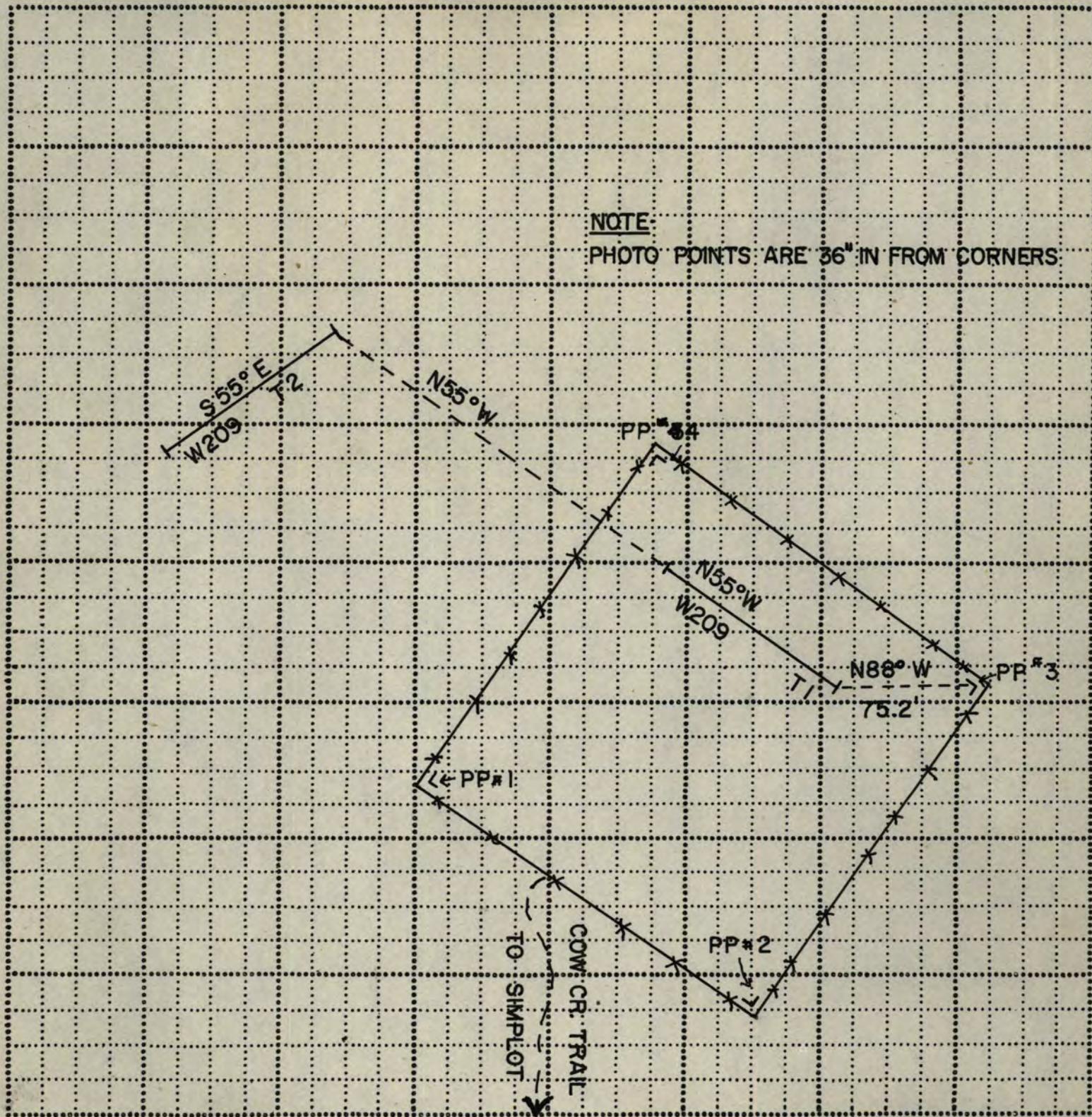
Cow Cr. Game Enclosure Sec. 8
(Case designation)

T. 17 N.

R. 14 E. Boise Mer.

Scale $1\frac{1}{2}$ " inches = ~~1 mile~~ 100'

(Subdivision and section)



Field work by Howard Koskella

Date

6/6/61

Platted by Sam Warren

Remarks

Approved _____, 19____

KEY AREA ANALYSIS

1. Name and location of key area Cow Creek : Forest Challis District D-2
Sec. 8 T17N R14E Boise Mer. : Allotment Cow Creek (MF)
: Examiner Howard Koskell Date 6/6/61
2. Reasons why this is a key area: Winter Game Area
3. Range condition Fair; Trend (vegetation) Unknown
Trend (soil) Up Normal use Conditioned use
(Cross out one)
4. What are the key species: Agsp, Putr, Feid, Chna, Chvi
5. List principal forage species (by weight) in order of their comparative abundance:
6. What were probable climax species on this area: Feid, Agsp, Brite
(Putr, Arth)
7. What is present ground cover (vegetation plus litter) percentage: _____ %
What percentage is necessary to protect the soil: 70 %
8. Is soil stable: No Percent soil disturbance _____ %. What is causing soil movement: _____

PROPER USE CRITERIA

1. Is present use proper: No
2. Underline the factor or factors to be used as proper use criteria on this key area: (utilization of key plants) (bare soil) (trampling). Other _____
Browse use by game.
3. List below recommended limits of use:

Key Plants

<u>Poaz</u>	<u>40</u>	Percent
<u>Feid</u>	<u>35</u>	"
<u>Putr</u>	<u>40</u>	"
<u>Bare soil</u> _____ %	<u>Trampling</u> _____ %	

Other factors: _____

4. Reasons for above decisions (Continue on reverse of sheet if necessary):
Steep slopes, granite soils, and relatively low rainfall

5. Method of Study: 3-Step Transect and Photo Points

Note: This form to be prepared after completion of "Range Utilization Form".

Preliminary Score Card
TREND IN SOIL STABILITY CONDITION GUIDE

Vegetation Type Sagebrush-Grass Soil Type Granitic Cluster No. W209

Check only indica-
tors which apply*

Posi-	Nega-
tive	tive

Good and Excellent Condition

- 1a. A well dispersed accumulation of litter from past year's growth. Cover of litter being replaced each year ()
- 1b. Scarcity of litter of palatable plants. Cover of litter is not being replaced each year (x)
- 2a. No visible accelerated erosion (x)
- 2b. Erosion occurring ()
- 3a. No trampling displacement ()
- 3b. Trampling displacement occurring (x)

Fair, Poor, and Very Poor Condition

- 1a. A well dispersed accumulation of litter from past year's growth. Cover of litter being replaced each year ()
- 1b. Scarcity of litter of palatable plant. Cover of litter is not being replaced each year (x)
- 2a. Gullies, if present healed. Gullies which originate on the area are stabilized by the growth of perennial vegetation on both sides and bottom. The sidewalls will be rounded in appearance. The presence of vegetation in gully bottoms is not by itself a reliable indicator of improved range condition. It may be highly misleading if used without a careful appraisal of conditions on the area drained ()
- 2b. Gullies, if present, active. Established gullies that are raw and actively cutting. This type of gully may vary from a few inches to several feet in depth. ()
- 3a. Rill marks stabilized with perennial vegetation ()
- 3b. Rill marks present. They often appear during storms but may be obliterated later depending on depth of cutting (x)

*Point rating to be assigned.

(over)

Check only indicators
which apply

Fair, Poor, and Very Poor Condition (cont.)

- | | Posi- | Nega- |
|--|-------|-------|
| | tive | tive |
| 4a. Alluvial deposits stabilized with perennial vegetation | () | |
| 4b. Alluvial deposits not stabilized. Recent deposits may partially cover the basal portions of established plants. Recent deposits usually may be distinguished from old ones by the absence of perennial vegetation on the deposit | (x) | |
| 5a. Healed terraces. Stabilized terraces characterized by sloping sides clothed with vegetation and no exposed live roots. Tops of terraces invaded and occupied by perennial plants | () | |
| 5b. Active terraces. Active terraces have more or less steep sides, show evidence of sliding soil, exposed live roots, and are not stabilized by vegetation | (x) | |
| 6a. Sloping-sided soil remnants. Soil remnants with sloping sides, or sides clothed with mosses, lichens or higher plants. Plant roots covered by soil. Space between soil remnants being occupied by perennial plants | () | |
| 6b. Steep-sided soil remnants. Soil pedestals capped by rocks or pebbles may be found following storms. They are usually of recent origin. They are characterized by almost vertical sides and often with exposed roots of the plants holding remnants of the soil | (x) | |
| 7a. Wind-scoured depressions stabilized with perennial vegetation | (x) | |
| 7b. Wind-scoured depressions between plants. In extreme cases the soil surface is merely a series of such shallow depressions separated by low ridges of vegetation. If the surface of the depression is scoured or etched, rapid downward trend is indicated | () | |
| 8a. Wind deposits stabilized with perennial vegetation . . . | () | |
| 8b. Recent wind deposits. Recent wind deposits show little if any discoloration of the surface material by organic matter and no decomposition of buried plant parts | (x) | |
| 9a. Trampling displacement insignificant | () | |
| 9b. Trampling displacement noticeable | (x) | |
| 10. Exposed plant crowns or roots. Soil loss taking place currently as shown by exposed crowns or roots appearing on young, deep-rooted perennial plants , | (x) | |

Other Indicators

Estimation of Current Trend in Soil Stability (circle one)

Up

Down

Not Apparent

3-STEP METHOD FOR MEASURING TREND IN RANGE CONDITION
Step III - Photo Record

Forest Challis Ranger District Challis Date 6/6/61
 Allotment Cow Creek Type Sagebrush-Grass
 Transect No. W 209 Camera Height 51" Photo By H. Koskella



Cow Creek Game
Enclosure-Photo
Point #1



Cow Creek Game
Enclosure-Photo
Point #2

The burnt posts & wire
was a red square 3' x 3' x 3'
stakeout put in 1930 or
thereabouts. A fire burnt
it & the area in 1957.
JK 6-28-62

3-STEP METHOD FOR MEASURING TREND IN RANGE CONDITION
Step III - Photo Record

Forest Challis Ranger District Challis Date 6/6/61
Allotment Cow Creek Type Sagebrush-Grass
Transect No. W 209 Camera Height 51" Photo By H. Koskella



Cow Creek Game
Enclosure-Photo
Point #3



Cow Creek Game
Enclosure-Photo
Point #4

3-STEP METHOD FOR MEASURING TREND IN RANGE CONDITION
Step III - Photo Record

Forest Challis Ranger District Challis Date 6/6/61
Allotment Cow Creek Type Sagebrush-Grass
Transect No. W 209 T1 Camera Height 51" Photo By H. Koskella



Cow Creek Game
Enclosure-Line
View of Transect,
50.5' mark.

RECORD OF PERMANENT LINE TRANSECT

W 209 T1

Cluster Name and Transect No.
Howard Koskella
Date **6/5/61** By **Mel Shepard**
Don Fuller**Challis**
Forest**Challis, D-2**
Ranger District**Cow Creek**
Allotment

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
-	L	-	-	L	L	-	Feid	L	-
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
						Chui			
L	-	L	-	Feid	-	L	-	L	L
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
L	L	-	-	L	-	L	L	L	L
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
-	L	L	-	L	L	L	-	-	L
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
Feid	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
-	Feid	Feid	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
L	Eriz	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
L	Agsp	Agsp	L	L	L	Feid	L	L	-
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
Feid	L	L	-	L	Feid	-	L	-	-
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
L	Pofe	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-

SYMBOL

BARE SOIL

28

SPECIES

PELLET GROUP COUNT

EROSION PAVEMENT

-

(List by symbol, name and number of hits)

Plot Size

ROCK

R

Deer

LITTER

L

Elk

MOSS

M

Other

PLANT DENSITY INDEX

13Total **100**

ANNUALS (List by Species)

FORAGE DENSITY INDEX

121

Indicators Others

DESIRABLE PLANT INDEX

12

GROUND COVER INDEX

-(Form R4-2200-19 Overstory **1**)**-**Jan. 1961 Understory **-**

OVER

General Instructions

List overstory species at the top of each block and circle symbol when it is a dead portion of a living shrub.

<u>Age Classes of Browse Plants</u> ^{1/}	<u>Form Classes of Browse Plants</u> ^{1/}
Class	
S - seedling	1 All available, little or no hedging
Y - young plant	2 " " moderately hedged
M - mature	3 " " closely hedged
D - decadent	4 Largely available, little or no hedging
	5 " " moderately hedged
	6 " " closely hedged
	7 Mostly unavailable
	8 Unavailable

On game ranges classify all browse hits up to 5 feet as M3, D6, S1, Y2, etc. Tally in block directly behind browse species as "ArtrM2", etc.

Pellet Group Counts

Plot size should be 1/100 acre, or a multiple of same, using the tape as the plot center line. Alternative dimensions that may be used are:

Width: 6.6 feet or 79.2 inches or 6 feet or 72 inches
(3.3 ft. each side of tape) (3 ft. each side of tape)
and and

Length: 0 to 66 ft. gives 1/100 acre 0 to 72.6 ft. gives 1/100 acre
0 to 99 ft. gives 1.5/100 acre 0 to 108.9 ft. gives 1.5/100 acre

Example: A cluster with two transects and plots 6.6 feet wide and 0-99 feet in length samples 3/100 acre.

Converting factors:

13 pellet groups per day for deer

13 " " " " elk (tentative estimate)

12 droppings per day for cattle

Notes

^{1/}Dasmann, Wm. P. Some deer range survey methods. Calif. Fish and Game, Vol. 37, No. 1, Jan. 1951.

RECORD OF PERMANENT LINE TRANSECT

(Form No. R4-2200-6, July 1959) (Over)

Symbol

Bare Soil

Erosion pavement P

Rock R

Litter L 59

Moss M

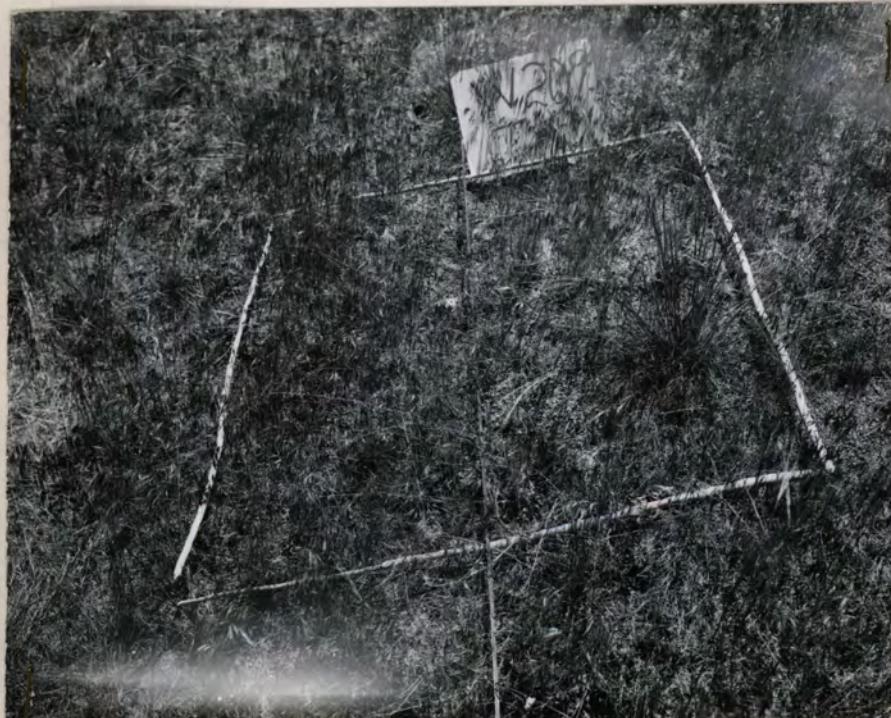
% Plant cover PC 13

Total 100

3-STEP METHOD FOR MEASURING TREND IN RANGE CONDITION
Step III - Photo Record

Forest Challis Ranger District Challis Date 6/6/61
Allotment Cow Creek Type Sagebrush-Grass
Transect No. W 209 T2 Camera Height 51" Photo By H. Koskella

Cow Creek Game
Enclosure-General
View of Area.



Closeup Plot Photo
of Transect. Taken
at 3.5' mark.

Species	Pct. Density:	Pct. Composition	<u>Symbol</u>
	: Basal Area :	Basal Area	
			Bare Soil
			32
			Erosion pavement
			P
			Rock
			R
			Litter
			65
			Moss
			M
			% Plant cover
			PC
			3
			Total 100

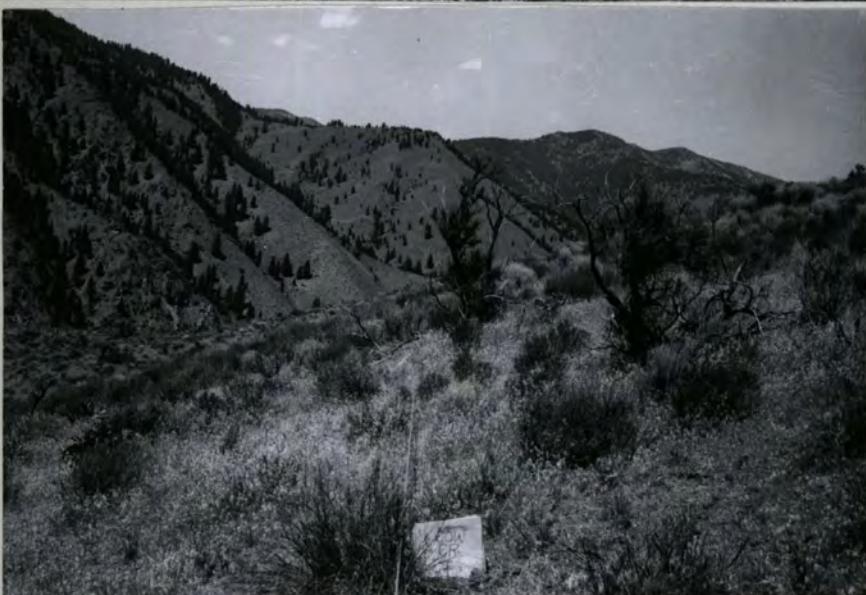
Cow Creek Rod-Square Exclosure. Constructed 1931, Challis National Forest.

These pictures by Dwight Smith, July 25, 1952. Area burnt over in fire of 1957.



This is the rod-square ³⁻²³⁻²⁹ exclosure constructed in ~~1931~~. An acre enclosure is built around it, constructed in 1961.

Compare this with photo Point #2, Cow Creek Exclosure Parker 3-Step Study of 6-6-61 by Koschella.



This is a general view of T-1 Parker 3-Step transect established by Dwight Smith in 1952. Written record of the transect has been lost, however.



T-1 and T-3 are quite close to the rod-square exclosure.

This is T-3.

(Fred Kindel, 6-29-62)

Parker 3-Step photos of 7-25-52, Cow Creek, continued.



Close-up view of T-1.



Close-up view of T-3.

negatives for these five pictures are in
the black picture albums in the range file.

Written record of transect
lost.
(Fred Kindel, 6-29-62)

Box 503, Salmon
June 29, 1962

C
Howard Koskella
Challis District Ranger
Challis, Idaho

D
Dear Howard,

Thanks for the very fine write-up of the exclosure condition and trend studies at Cow Creek and Cabin Creek, and the browse studies.

P
Enclosed are some pictures that will interest you. They were taken by Dwight Smith on July 25, 1952, at the Cow Creek exclosure. He apparently established a Parker 3-Step study there and at Cabin Creek, but I have been unable to locate any written record, and I am afraid it is lost. Also, I have been unable to locate the Cabin Creek pictures.

Y
As your records probably show, the Cow Creek area was burnt over in 1957, I believe. The change between the pictures of 1952 and your pictures of 1961 is quite spectacular. It looks like fire encourages grass to begin with, but as your pictures show, sagebrush and rabbitbrush are coming back. I didn't see any young bitterbrush in the pictures; I wonder if there were any young bitterbrush plants in the area?

I made copies of these pictures for you last year, and then filed them away and forgot to give them to you. So, belatedly, here they are.

Yours sincerely,

Fred Kindel
Game Biologist

Plot - Cow Creek

Sec. 18 T. 17N R. 14E Exposure SW Elev. 4500

Type - Browsed Grass
(clipped)

This plot is located 1 mile N.E. from the bridge across Moon Creek at Lovell ranch. Check plot is approximately 400 ft. S.W. from enclosure. Four rock mounds mark this plot.

Object - To determine growth + utilization of browse species

Date Const: March 23, 1929 Size: 16' x 16' - Fence - Woven Wire

Soil conditions: Gravelly loam

Condition of plot when fenced: Overgrazed

Rabbit Brush 75%, Bitterbrush 10%, Artemesia 5%

Grass 10%

Density when plot fenced. - 3

The browse on this section as a whole has been hard hit and at the present time is not thrifty.

March 23, 1929 The whole section

surrounding the enclosure has at some time past been badly

overgrazed by domestic stock)

No weeds were present but Mormon oats is to be found over entire enclosure.

1931 - Mormon oats is disappearing & bunches of fescue are present in abundance. Initialed (A.B.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—FOREST SERVICE

Sec. 17

Land district. Mag. declin.

Area $\frac{1}{160}$ acres

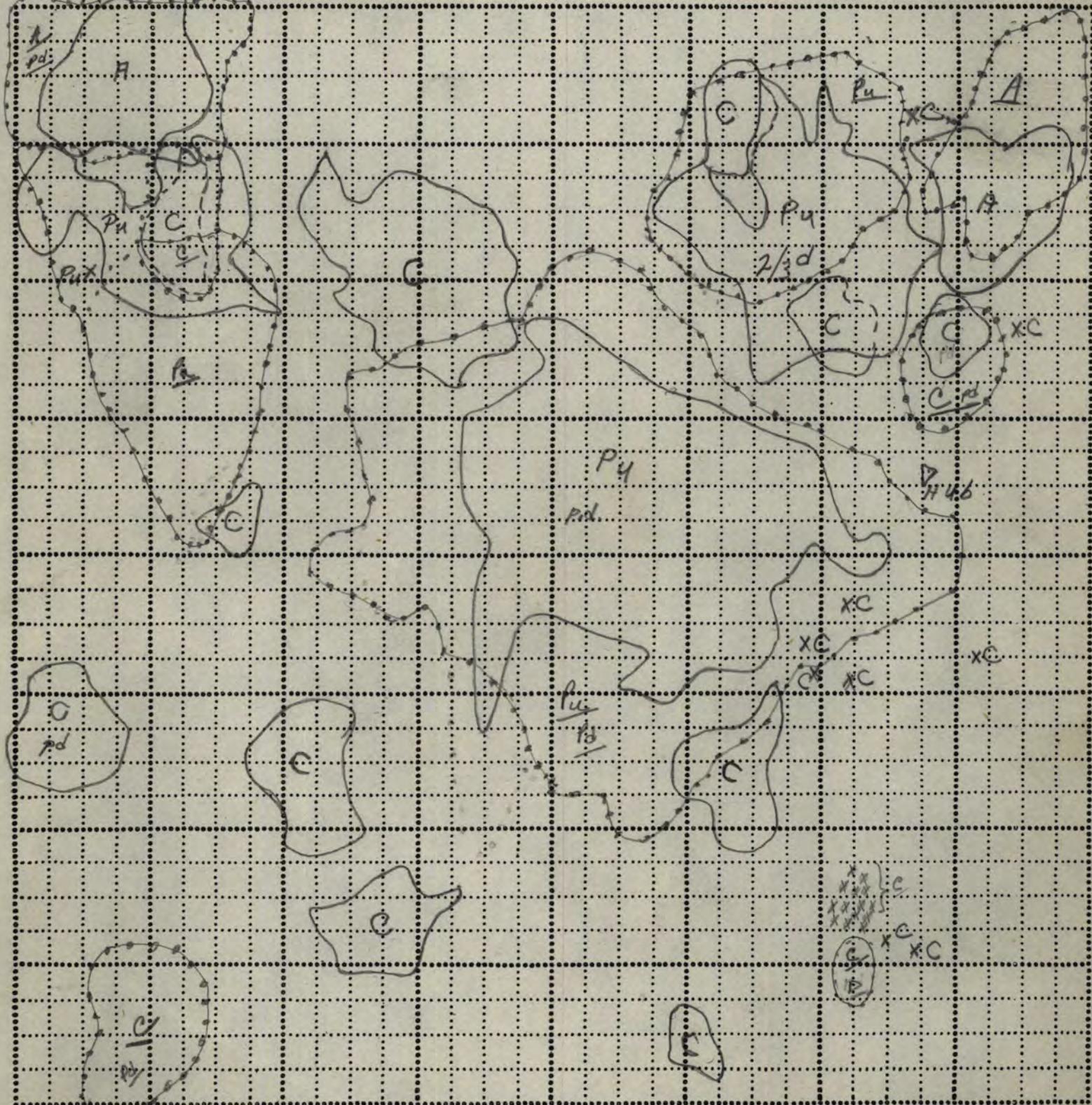
Cow Creek Fenced Plot T. 17N

R. 14E

Mer. Scale $\frac{1}{2}$ " inches = 1 mile

(Case designation)

(Subdivision and section)



Field work by Gutmann & Buckingham Date Feb. 9, 1931 Platted by Buckingham

Remarks Pu - Bitterbrush

A - Sage Brush

Approved 19

C - Rabbit brush

Pd. ~ partly dead

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
FIELD MAP SHEET

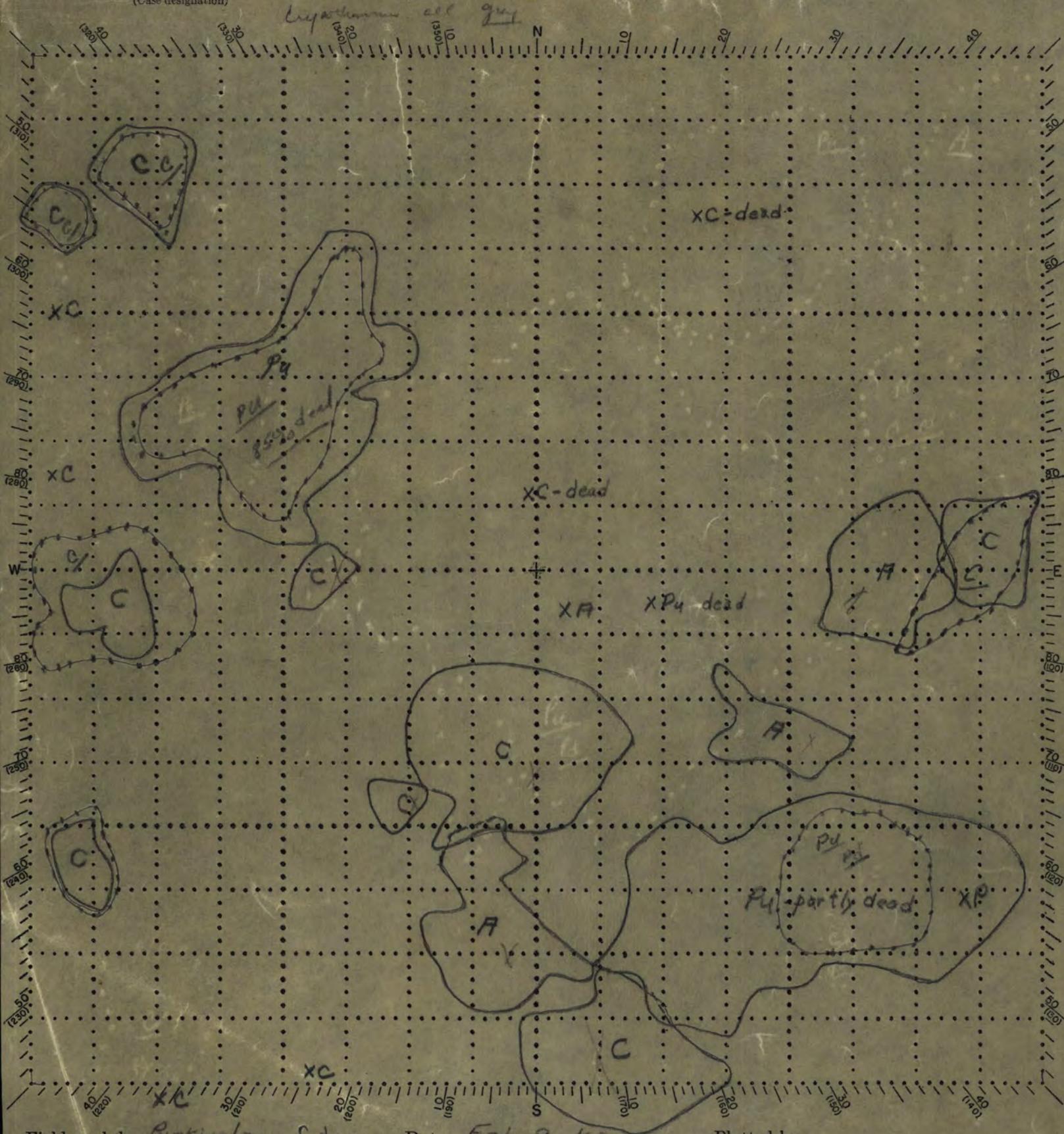
Scale _____ inches=1 mile.

T. _____ R. _____ Sec. _____

Mag. Dec. _____ Acres _____

Unit Cool Creek

(Case designation)



Field work by Buckingham-Gutzman, Date Feb. 9, 1947 Platted by _____

Remarks _____

Approved _____

Form 878 b
(Rev. May 1948)

19

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

16-55789-1

Approving Officer.

P - Bitterbrush A - Sage Brush C - Rabbit Brush

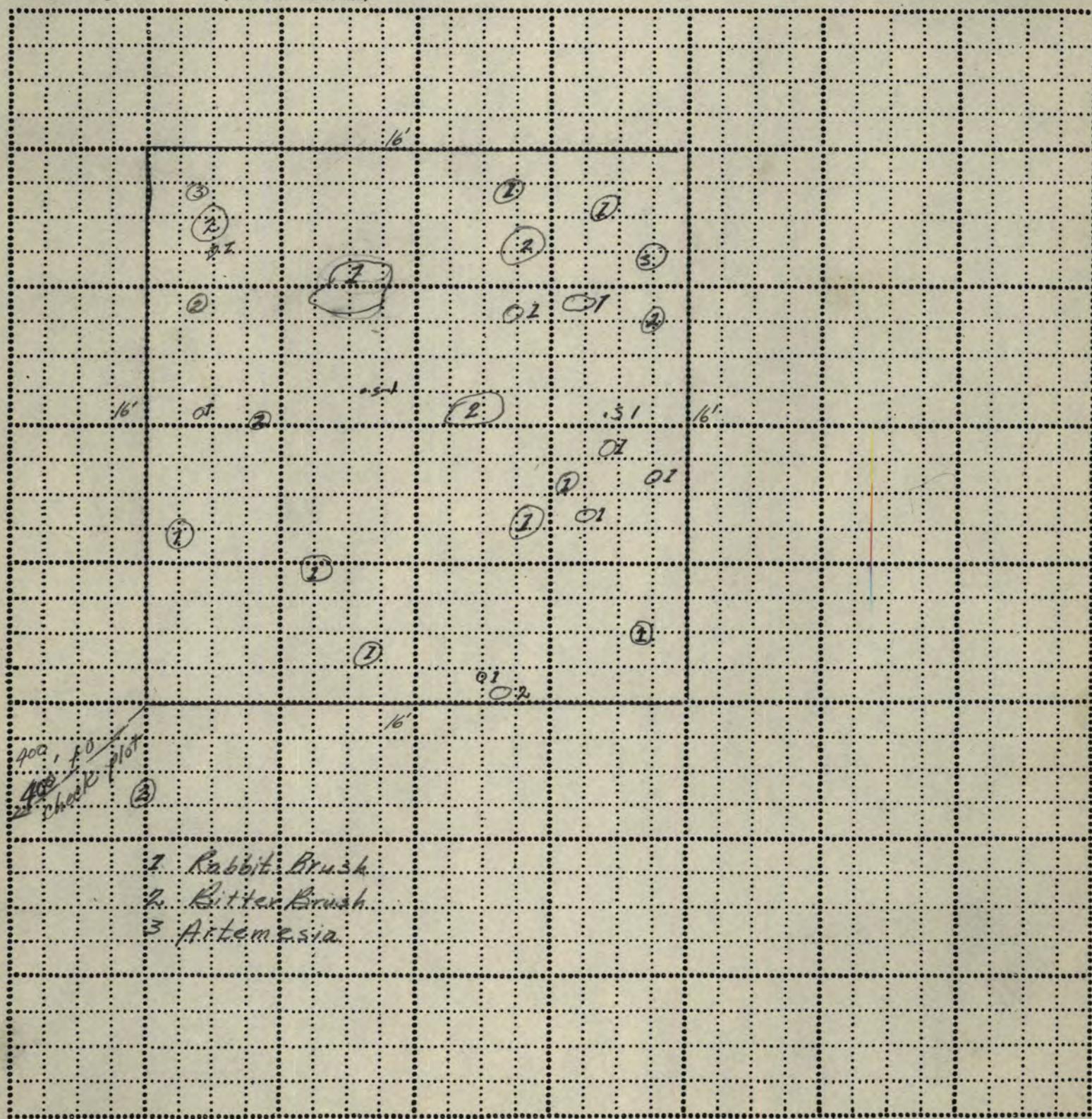
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—FOREST SERVICE

Land district, Mag. declin. _____ Area _____ acres

Cow Creek ^{Sec. 18} T. 17 N. R. 14 E. Mer. Scale $\frac{1}{4}$ inches = 1 mile

(Case designation)

(Subdivision and section)



Field work by _____

Date March 22, 1929 Platted by John S. Malm

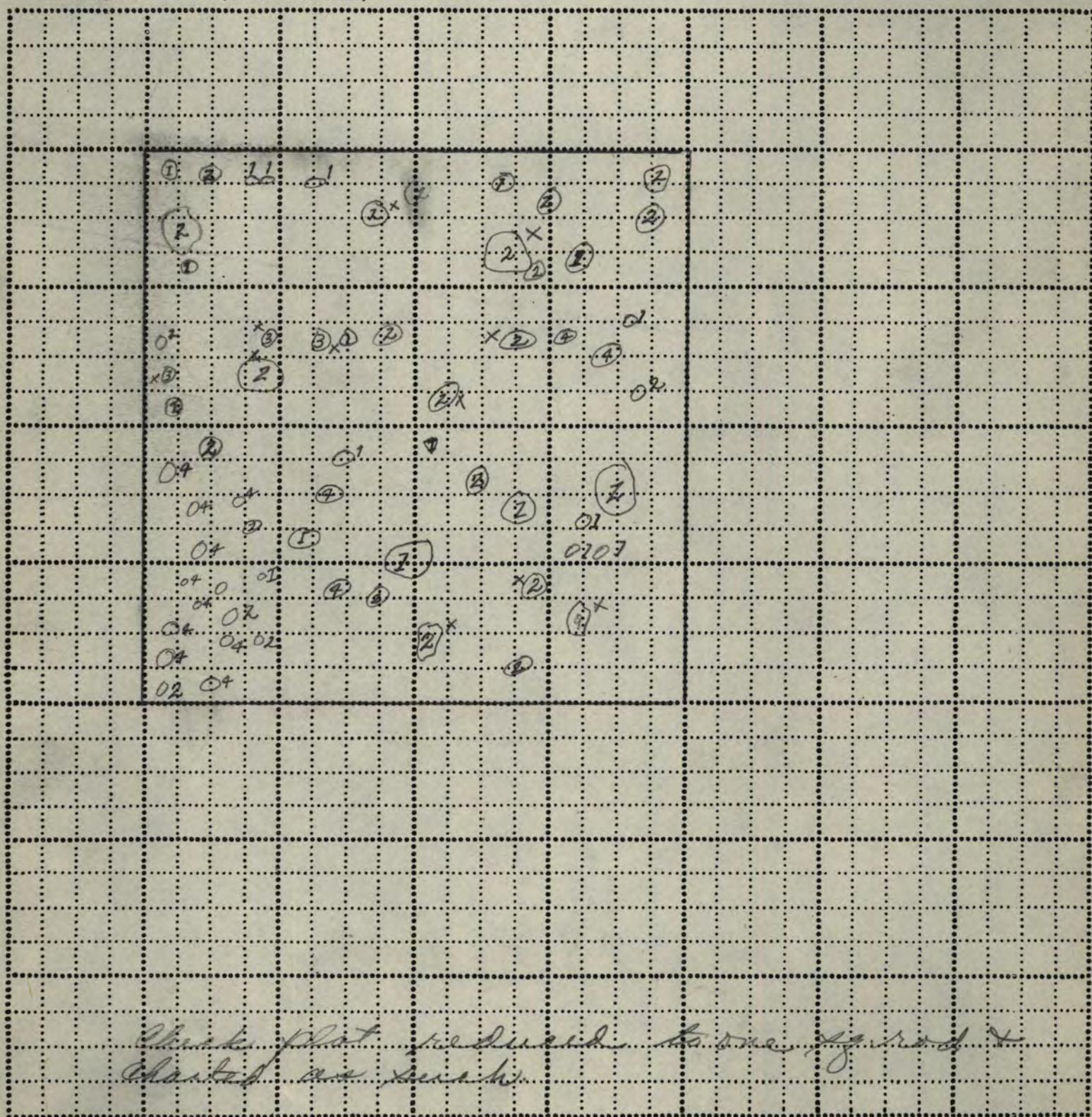
Remarks _____

Approved _____, 19____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—FOREST SERVICE

Land district. Mag. declin. _____ Area _____ acres

T. _____ R. _____ Mer. _____ Scale _____ inches=1 mile
(Class designation) (Subdivision and section)



Field work by _____ Date _____ Platted by _____

Remarks _____

Approved _____, 19_____

Obs. No.	Obs. Hr. No.	Tot. Ad.	Tr. Tag.	Loc.	Description of Area	Weather	Observation
1942	1942	Closed canal	1/42	1/42	1/42	23	7/1 - 9/30 - 7
41	5/1	-	11/5	"	"	22	
40	"	"	"	"	"	22	
39	"	"	"	"	"	22	
38	"	"	"	"	"	13	
37	"	"	"	"	"	18	
36	"	"	"	"	"	60	
35	"	"	"	"	"	64	
34	"	"	"	"	"	64	
33	"	"	"	"	"	34	
32	"	"	"	"	"	34	
31	"	"	"	"	"	34	
30	5/30	"	"	"	"	"	

Observation

1/2 mi. below mouth of Higher Cr. - across Cow Creek - across low area
 between Cache creek - went up m. & to Red Bluff cut & up
 slope 1 mile.

Obs. No.	Hr. No.	Tot. Ad.	Yrs.	Yng. Unel.	Location	Description of Area	Weather
					Observation		

Location:

In the rectangle formed by the lower portions of Cow cr., Cache cr. and Koon cr. and the section of the Middle Fork of the Salmon River between Koon cr. and Cow cr.

Directions:

Begin at the Simpot Ranch at the mouth of Koon Cr. Follow the Cow Cr. trail up the switch backs, through a small dry gulch and to a second dry, rounded gulch or gully. This is about 1 mile from the Koon Cr. bridge by the Simpot Ranch. When the trail comes into this second gully, there is a rock monument immediately to the left of the trail. From this witness marker, proceed 50 yds. N 15° E up the point of ridge to the left of the trail. A red-painted $\frac{3}{4}$ " x $\frac{1}{2}$ " angle iron extend 9" above the ground markers the beginning of Transect I. A second check to use in locating this cluster is to begin at the Forest Service enclosure which is on the next ridge above the rock monument by the trail. From this enclosure proceed 400' S 80° W to a point just on the west side of the ridge which you will be on at the end of the 400' travelled 5800' W.

(See back of pg. 1) on Original Line transect Record for diagram of set up of the 3 line transects constituting the cow creek cluster.