| Twenty-fourth and twentr-firth |
| :---: | :---: |
| ANNUAL REPORTS |



# PEND D'ORIELLE TIMBER PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION 

## The Year 1931 and 1932

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

T. J. Humbird, President. Sandpoint, IdahoBen E. Bush, Vice President.Moscow, Idaho
I. L. Greer, Secretary-Treasurer. Sandpoint, Idaho
M. Van Dyk, Chief Fire Warden.

Directors
$\qquad$Ben E. BushMoscow, IdahoOle Pearson.Sandpoint, Idaho

## Secretary's Report

To State Forester, Idaho State Land Board, and Members of the<br>Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association.

Gentlemen:
The fire seasons of 1931 and 1932 stand in vivid contrast. During 1931 the humidity was so low that fires were out of bounds within a few minutes of their origin; while in 1932, though the weather was seemingly as dry and hot, our alert force was able to surround most of our blazes before they assumed serious propertons.

The incendiarist was undoubtedly encouraging fires in many instances, but human frailty was also abroad. One of our most costly fires was undoubtedly caused by the carelessness of our oldest, most experienced warden. He had a contraption to find bee trees, that leaked live coals, and only the good detective work of our Chief Van Dak uncovered the cause. Six fires set in a "bee line" came near burning the unsuspecting warden while he slept, and he could not believe that his carelessness had caused the Assocation more expense than the cost of all the honey he and his family could eat in one hundred years.

Chief Van Dyk and his assistant wardens were given to understand that timber owners could not again pay 36c and acre for fire protection, and if 1932 expense was not held to a minimum, their jobs and the life of this Association were at stake. The 3c an acre assessment for 1932 is a cheering response to that demand.

I feel confident in predicting that this Association will never again face assessments as large as in 1931.

Owing to stress of State work in December, the Bureau of Public Accounts was unable to audit our 1932 accounts in time to have our biennial report printed for the legislators.
State Forester Bush and Deputy Feary have given much of their time to our wardens in the field and we take this opportunity to express our appreciation for their loyal and helpful support. We paid the U. S. Forest Service $\$ 6,685.00$ for fire suppression in 1931.
$\overline{\text { Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association }}$

There has been no fires in 1932 that required payment to the U. S. Forest Service for suppression.

This Association resigned from membership in the Western Forestry and Conservation Association in 1931.

I am confident that the lowering of the wage of tempoary fire fighters has materially reduced the number of incendiary fires in 1932.

For your Treasurer's Financial Statement, I refer you to tabulated reports.

T. L. GREER,<br>Secretary-Treasurer.

## HOW TALL IS A TREE?

It depends on who saw it, and how far away from him. Stories are current today about trees in the "back reaches of Australia" alleged to exceed 500 feet in height, and reports of trees crowding or exceeding the 400 -foot mark crop up regularly in the forestry journals.

To make a really good tree story is often difficult. A member of the Laboratory staff who spent a year in Australia not long ago used the opportunity to check up on some of the basic facts. The tallest Australian tree he actually measured was 310 feet, and he satisfied himself that the tallest tree ever measured with accuracy in that country was a Eucalyptus regnans or "mountain ash" that grew at Colac, Victoria, and was 346 feet high. A prize offered at the Melbourne Exposition in 1888 for proof of the tallest tree standing at that time was won on evidence for a eucalypt 325 feet high.

Measurements by a well known forester gave 363 feet for the height of a redwood growing in Bull Creek Flat, California. This is the tallest tree in the world on which there is authentic and and reliable information. Even 360 feet is a lot of tree; if you can bat a baseball that far you can hit home runs in a number of major league ball parks.

# Report of Fire Warden for 1931-1932 

Idaho State Forester, State Land Board, and Members of the Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association.

## Gentlemen:

I herewith submit the bienial report for the years 1931 and 1932 as Chief Fire Warden for the Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association.

A reduction of $\$ 10.00$ per month for all wardens was put in effect at opening of 1931 fire season. Temporary labor was paid thirty cents per hour, cars five cents per mile, and trucks $\$ 1.00$ per hour for actual time. Per diem wardens received $\$ 10.00$ and $\$ 15.00$ per month, depending upon their telephone facilities, thirty cents per hour and $\$ 1.00$ per day for board on fire suppression.

A total of 104 fires were suppressed of which 47 were class A, 35 class B, and 22 class C. I think it is safe to say that the 1931 fire season was the driest year ever experienced with continuously low humidity. The unemployment situation brought us fire upon fire.

Our first fire of the season was on April 26th in Sec. 7, T. 56N, R. 5W-class C, of unknown origin, covering 40 acres. In May there were six fires, two of incendiary and four caused by slash burning. In June there were ten fires two of which were classed as incendiary. In July there were 41 fires, of which 11 were classed as incendiary, making a total of 31 incendiary fires. Our report shows 11 unknown fires which very likely could be charged as incendiary.
The "Fire Bug" is very hard to catch, one suggestion would be to increase patrol and have undercover men in jungle camps. Suppress the news of fires, also take the premium of wages off fire fighting.

On August 3rd there were four fires of incendiary character, the Freeman Lake fire, which burned some 19,999 acres; the Blanchard fire, which burned some 11,000 acres; one fire started in the

State of Washington, ran into our territory and covered 100 acres before being suppressed.

Owing to the nature of the ground, mostly yellow pine type, the Blanchard fire did very little damage to merchantable timber. It is estimated that not to exceed five per cent of merchantable timber was destroyed. Most of this is being salvaged this winter.

## BURNING PERMITS

There were 143 land-clearing burning permits issued during 1931, and at no time was a permit refused. No fire was started from permittees.

## SLASH DISPOSAL

Slash disposal was carried on during the spring and fall, approximately 3000 acres were disposed of. Slash disposal notices have been mailed to loggers, and with favorable burning weather next spring, most areas will be in fair condition.

Two thousand book-covers for school children were distributed with a short talk on "Fire Prevention," to all schools within Association boundaries.
During 1931 I have to report that only two fires required my atention, caused by active lumber operation. The fires were paid for by the operators.

## 1932 SEASON

A reduction in all wages was put into effect the first day of May. Chief Warden was cut to $\$ 150$ per month; three District Wardens to $\$ 100$; Office Assistant to $\$ 100$; Field Assistant to $\$ 125$, and all other Wardens and Lookouts, $\$ 80$. Per Diem Wardens receeived $\$ 10$ and $\$ 15$ per month, depending upon the telephone facilities; while 20 c per hour was paid temporary labor.
Some sixty volunteer Fire Wardens were appointed by the Forest Service and the Association, which was some help in reducing the incendiary fires. With the exception of two men the regular force was all new employees. Local help was hired for fire suppression and good men were secured for this work at the reduced rate of 20 c per hour. The suppression of "fire news" by the newspapers helped to keep the undesirable element from flocking into this territory.

The first fire of the season of any consequence was on June 24th, and the last one was September 14th. Practically all of our fires of any consequence were in cut-over areas, where the slash had not been disposed of. The damage to merchantable timber was caused by fires driving into it from the slashing areas. No fires originat-
Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association
ing in green timber gave us any trouble. Incendiary fires, although reduced, still head the list with approximately one-third of total.

## BURNING PERMITS

There were 150 burning permits for land-clearing issued during the season, and at no time were permits refused. Considerable checking up was done on fire permits, but no forest fire was started by any permittee.
Slash disposal was carried on during the spring and fall. Spring burning was very satisfactory, owing to weather conditions. Some 1500 acres were burned during the spring. The fall was not so good owing to the dry weather in September and October. Some 2000 acres of slash were disposed of during this period.

I desire to express my appreciation of the hearty cooperation of the personnel of the Kaniksu and Pend d'Oreille National Forests during the past two years.
No fires were started by active lumber operations in 1932. The men in charge of woods operations have been very cordial in their cooperation and support.

Respectfully submitted, M. VAN DYK, Chief Fire Warden.

## IT'S THERE, ANYWAY

The nineteenth hole and the 30th of February may still be missing, but here's section 37 right in Oregon. Believe it or don't, the odd number lies along the shores of Klamath lake in Klamath county, township 37 south, range 8 east.

Section 37 was the designation given a small tract of land to correct an error in the original survey. Several years ago it was subdivided into lots and the entire area, with exception of one lot, was sold to the Algoma Lumber Co., whose mill adjoins the section.
Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association

Boise, Idaho, April 4, 1932.

## Honorable C. Ben Ross, Governor of Idaho, State House.

Dear Sir:
We submit herewith our audit of accounting books and records of the Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association covering period December 1, 1930 to November 30, 1931.

Four assessments were levied during this period upon all members as follows:

Assessment No. 1-10 $1 / 4$ cents per acre.
" No. 2-10 cents per acre.
" No. 3-5 cents per acre.
" No. 4-11 cents per acre.
Total assessment, $361 / 4$ cents.
On assessment No. 1 the one-fourth of one cent per acre is levied against the acreage owned by the Humbird Lumber Co. and M. W. Evans. The acreage owned by the State of Idaho and Northern Pacific Railway Co. is only included at ten cents per acre, the additional one-fourth cent being dues for membership to the Western Foresty and Conservation Association of which the State is not a member.

All assessments levied against State acreage during this period have been paid and the Association books reflect proper credit therefor as shown by schedule.

This association has not remitted to the State Land Department the State's proportion of grazing fees, which accrues to the credit of the endowment interest fund.

For the information and direction of the officials of this association, I am including without comment as part of this report an inventory of physical movable property submitted by the Secretary of the association.
This association shows an operating loss of $\$ 858.85$ after the usual charges for depreciation. The present worth of the association was therefore reduced from $\$ 8897.81$ on November 30, 1930, to \$8038.45.

Mr. Ben Bush, on behalf of the State of Idaho, reviewed all claims and has approved such expenditures as being reasonable and necessary to the asociation's operation.

All checks were verified against vouchers and accompanying claims. I have found all accounting records in excellent condition which facilitated the auditing of the accounts of this association.

Respectfully submitted,
BUREAU OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, F. W. HASSAN, Examiner.

## PEND D'OREILLE TIMBER PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

Acreage and Assessments 1931 Season

| Acreage | Assessment <br> No. $1,101 / 4 \mathrm{c}$ | Assessment <br> No. 2, 10c | Assessment No. 3, 5c | Assessment No. 4, 11c | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Humbird Lumber Co. ......................... 78,357 | \$ 8,031.59 | \$ 7,835.70 | \$ 3,917.85 | \$ 8,619.27 | \$ 28,404.41 |
| M. W. Evans ......................................... 160 | 16.40 | 16.00 | 8.00 | 17.60 | 58.00 |
| State of Idaho ..................................... 12,983 | 1,298.30 | 1,298.30 | 649.15 | 1,428.13 | 4,673.88 |
| Northern Pacific Ry. ........................... 8,412 | 841.21 | 841.20 | 420.60 | 925.32 | 3,028.33 |
| Totãls ................................................ 99,912 | \$ 10,187.50 | \$ 9,991.20 | \$ 4,995.60 | \$ 10,990.32 | \$ 36,164.62 |

State of Idaho and Northern Pacific Railway are reported as non-regular members. Assessment of $1 / 4$ of 1 c per acre for membership Western Forestry and Conservation Association was not assessed.EXH ${ }^{+}$BIT A
BALANCE SHEET
Close of Business November 30, 1931
ASSETS-
Current:
Cash, First National Bank, Sandpoint ..... \$7,227.59 Accounts Receivable:
Northern Pacific Ry. ..... \$ 925.32
M. W. Evans ..... 17.60 ..... 942.92Total Current Assets
$\qquad$
=\$ 8,170.51
Fixed:
Camp Equipment and Tools ..... 4,385.00
Horses and Saddles ..... 200.00
Telephone Lines ..... 1,400.00
Office Furniture and Fixtures ..... 50.00
Motor Vehlicles ..... 400.00
Headquarters and Lookout Buildings ..... 800.00
Total Fixed Assets

$\qquad$7,235.00
Total Assets

$\qquad$
LIABILITIES-
Cur ${ }^{r}$ ent :
Accounts Payable:
Kaniksu Forest Service ..... \$6,075.79
Pend d'Oreille Natl. Forest. ..... 609.15
City Hospital, Sandpoint ..... 591.10
Western Forest \& Conser. Assn. ..... 1.02
Fred Samuels ..... 90.00
Total Current Liabilities ..... \$7,367.06
Present Worth November 30, 1931. ..... 8,038.45
\$ 15,405.51
Reconciliation of Present Worth to November 30, 1931
Credit:Present worth December 1, 1930\$ 8,897.81
Debit:Net operating Income to Nov. 30,1931-Loss\$ 858.85
Western Forest \& Conser. Assn ..... 51
Present worth Nowember 30,1931 ..... $8,038.45$

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Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association

EXHIBIT B

## OPERATING REPORT

December 1, 1930, to November 30, 1931, Inc.

| REVENUE- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assessments-Members 1931 |  | \$ 36,164.62 |  |
| Assessments Palid by Non-Members.... $\$$ Less Refund Allowances $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,000.00 \\ 14.92 \end{array}$ | 2,985.08 |  |
| Clarke-McNary Fund Contributions .- |  | 7,000,00 |  |
| Grazing Fees ................................... | 611.00 |  |  |
| Less Refund Allowances................... | 90.00 | 521.00 |  |
| Total Revenue ........ |  |  | \$ 46,670.70 |
| EXPENSES- |  |  |  |
| Office Expense |  | 1,281.37 |  |
| Fire Warden's Salary and Expense.....- |  | 2,236.75 |  |
| Patrolling ............................................ |  | 3,776.88 |  |
| Trail Maintenance ......... |  | 79.23 |  |
| Board, Lodging and Horse Feed ....... |  | 1,270.00 |  |
| Maintenance of Telephone Lines ....... |  | 88.33 |  |
| Miscellaneous Expense: Attorneys ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ Fees |  |  |  |
| C. M. \& St. P. Ry. Suit.................. | 100.00 |  |  |
| Cost in Suit ........ | 11.40 |  |  |
| Other Expense ............................... | 1,206.94 | 1,318.34 |  |
| Western Forestry \& Conser. Assn........ |  | 195.78 |  |
| Fire Suppression | 33,839.38 |  |  |
| Less Refunds ................................ | 75.17 | 33,764.21 |  |
| Total Expense .................................... |  | 44,010.89 |  |
| DEPRECIATION- |  |  |  |
| Camp Equipment and Tools ............... | 2,281.92 |  |  |
| Live Stock ........................................ | 100.00 |  |  |
| Headquarters Camp ........................... | 595.00 |  |  |
| Motor Vehicles | 300.00 |  |  |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 21.74 |  |  |
| Telephone Equipment ......................... | 220.00 |  |  |
| Total Depreciation .......................... 3,518.66 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \$ 47,529.55 |
| Operating Loss for Period .................... |  |  | \$ 858.85 |

Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association

## OPERATIONS IN STATE ACCOUNT


Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association

## BALANCE SHEET

Close of Business December 31, 1932. Close of Business December 31, 1932.

```
ASSETS
    Current-
        State Brush Burning ...................................$ 309.38
        Accounts Receivable:
        City Hospital ............................................. 5.60
            Total Current Assets ............................. $ 314.98
    Fixed-
        Camp Equipment and Tools ...................... 3,300.00
        Horses and Saddles ...................................- }150.0
        Telephone Lines ......................................... 1,000.00
        Office Furniture and Fixtures................... 50.00
        Motor Vehicles ............................................. }200.0
        Headquarters and Lookout Bldgs.............. }720.0
        Total Fixed Assets .......................................-
            Total Assets ...................................................
LIABILITIES
    Current-
        Accounts Payable:
        Bonner County National Bank Sandpoint 886.74
        Humbird Lumber Co., Loan............................. }500.0
        Grazing Fees ..................................................
        Total Current Liabilities ................................ 1,486.74
        Present Worth 12-31-32 .............................. 4,248.24
```

        \$5,734.98
    \$5,734.98

Reconciliation of Present W orth to Dec. 31, 1932.
CREDIT
Present Worth December 1, 1931................ $\$ 8,038.45$
DEBIT
Net Operating Loss to December 31, 1932.. 3,790.21
Present Worth December 31, 1932 .............. $4,248.24$

Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective AssociationEXHIBIT B
OPERATING REPORT
Decembeer 1, 1931 to December 31, 1932.
REVENUE
Assessments, Members, 1932 ..... \$2,843.31
Assessments Paid by Non-Members ......\$1,888.46
Less Refund Allowances ............................. 63.12 1,825.34
Clarke-McNary Fund Contributions...... 6,000.00Refund Aug. 1928 Fire Settlement C.St. P. \& Pac. Ry1,750.00
Total Revenue

$\qquad$EXPENSES

| Office Expense | \$ 566.52 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fire Warden's Salary and Expense ........ | 2,512.98 |
| Patrolling | 4,278.78 |
| Trail Maintenance | 15.60 |
| Board, Lodging and Horse Feed | 824.63 |
| Maintenance of Telephone Lines | 107.46 |

Fire Suppression \$5,172.42
Less Refunds ..... 30.02
Miscellaneous Expense:
Liability Insurance ..... \$ 422.87
Other Expenses ..... 472.35
Total Expenses ..... \$ 14,343.59
Depreciation:Camp Equipment and Tools\$1,135.27
Live Stock ..... 50.00
Headquarters ..... 80.00
Motor Vehícles ..... 200.00
Telephone Equipment ..... 400.00
Total Depreciation
\$ 1,865.27
\$ 16,208.86
$3,790.21$
Pend d'Oreille Timber Protective Association

## OPERATION IN STATE ACCOUNT 1932

## DEBITS

Assessment No. 1, 1932.................................................................................. $\$ 397.50$

## CREDITS

October 23, 1932, Cash Assessment No. 1, 1932.
. $\$ 397.50$

EXHIBIT D

## ACREAGE AND ASSESSMENT 1932 SEASON

| Assessment No. 1 | Acreage at 3c | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Humbird Lumber Company | 72,635 | \$2,179.05 |
| State of Idaho | 13,250 | 397.50 |
| Northern Pacific Railway Co | 8,892 | 266.76 |
|  | 94,777 | \$2,843.31 |



## SUMMARY OF NO-COST FIRES AND CAUSES


SUMMARY OF COST FIRES AND CAUSES


## COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

SUMMARY OF FIRES BY YEARS, CLASSIFIED, DAMAGE AND COST


| Cost of <br> Administra <br> tion | Cost of | Member | Assessm't | No. of |
| ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\$ 1,588.00$ | $\$ 2,061.00$ | 3 Area | Cents | Patrol |
| $2,922.00$ | $2,736.00$ | 309327 | .03 | 14 |
| $1,479.00$ | $39,575.00$ | 329772 | $.021 / 2$ | 16 |
| $1,563.00$ | $2,035.00$ | 345223 | .02 | $.021 / 2$ |
| $1,788.00$ | 137.00 | 338094 | .02 | 22 |
| $1,272.00$ | 289.00 | 584302 | $.011 / 2$ | 22 |
| $2,013.00$ | $4,973.00$ | 575824 | .04 | 23 |
| $1,642.00$ | $2,621.00$ | 575937 | $.011 / 4$ | 31 |
| $2,238.00$ | 453.00 | 563881 | $.021 / 8$ | 18 |
| $2,740.00$ | $20,860.00$ | 540453 | .07 | 27 |
| $3,165.00$ | $14,604.00$ | 521291 | $.051 / 2$ | 26 |
| $2,564.00$ | $75,545.00$ | 519274 | $191 / 2$ | 25 |
| $3,592.81$ | $18,256.76$ | 509403 | $.091 / 2$ | 20 |
| $2,468.71$ | $17,803.27$ | 271572 | $.073 / 4$ | 13 |
| $1,916.11$ | $18,027.67$ | 263108 | $.111 / 4$ | 17 |
| $2,122.72$ | $5,030.25$ | 262808 | $.061 / 4$ | 18 |
| $1,952.42$ | $20,150.59$ | 252271 | $.161 / 2$ | 25 |
| $2,153.16$ | $21,724.40$ | 262194 | $.171 / 4$ | 24 |
| $3,020.18$ | $178,098.91$ | 248318 | $.561 / 4$ | 20 |
| $4,526.85$ | $3,033.45$ | 246350 | $.043 / 8$ | 30 |
| $3,758.21$ | 21883.03 | 248567 | $.113 / 8$ | 28 |
| $4,384.46$ | $165,901.31$ | 249241 | $.643 / 8$ | 47 |
| $3,391.05$ | $24,792.20$ | 110613 | $.251 / 4$ | 27 |
| $3,518.12$ | $26,564.34$ | 999.12 | $361 / 4$ | 27 |
| $3,079.50$ | 5.172 .42 | 9,4777 | .03 | 27 |

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS.
Fires Incend. Cmprs BshBng

|  | Fires | ncend. | Cmprs | BshBng |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1908 \ldots$. | 135 | 2 | 5 | 24 |
| $1909 \ldots$. | 170 | 5 | 17 | 16 |
| $1910 \ldots$. | 146 | 3 | 11 | 7 |
| $1911 \ldots$. | 120 | 6 | 9 | 9 |
| $1912 \ldots$. | 8 | $\ldots$ | 1 | .0 |
| $1913 \ldots$. | 52 | $\ldots$ | 3 | 7 |
| $1914 \ldots$. | 215 | 29 | 114 | 20 |
| $1915 \ldots$. | 126 | 26 | 10 | 24 |
| $1916 \ldots$. | 56 | 2 | 14 | 7 |
| $1917 \ldots$. | 157 | 19 | 8 | 58 |
| $1918 \ldots$. | 99 | 8 | 7 | 12 |
| $1919 \ldots$. | 81 | 12 | 6 | 10 |
| $1920 \ldots$ | 62 | $\ldots$ | 2 | 3 |
| $1921 \ldots$. | 92 | 7 | 9 | 11 |
| $1922 \ldots$. | 130 | $\ldots$ | 16 | 13 |
| $1923 \ldots$. | 63 | 6 | 10 | 10 |
| $1924 \ldots$. | 176 | 2 | 6 | 33 |
| $1925 \ldots$. | 153 | 11 | 5 | 34 |
| $1926 \ldots$. | 75 | 12 | 9 | 8 |
| $1927 \ldots$. | 106 | 14 | 4 | 4 |
| $1928 \ldots$. | 154 | 15 | 10 | 3 |
| $1929 \ldots$. | 181 | 5 | 0 | 33 |
| $1930 \ldots$. | 89 | 10 | 0 | 16 |
| $1931 \ldots$. | 104 | 38 | 0 | 6 |
| $1932 \ldots$. | 42 | 18 | 2 | 5 |

$\underset{36}{\text { R. R. Lightn. Lbrng Mis. Unk'wn }}$

| R. R. | Lightn. Lhrng | Mis. | Unk'wn |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | 2 | 10 | 13 | 43 |
| 76 | 4 | 8 | 11 | 32 |
| 57 | 9 | 13 | 2 | 53 |
| 46 | 7 | 10 | 9 | 24 |
| 1 | 1 | 3 | . | 2 |
| 9 | 1 | 16 | 5 | 11 |
| 72 | 9 | 16 | 4 | 51 |
| 10 | 6 | 15 | 5 | 30 |
| 2 | 10 | 8 | 2 | 11 |
| 13 | 7 | 6 | $\cdots$ | 46 |
| 7 | 31 | 2 | 9 | 32 |
| 1 | 23 | 4 | 1 | 25 |
| 7 | 11 | 11 | 3 | 25 |
| 17 | 4 | 8 | 12 | 24 |
| 26 | 11 | 24 | 5 | 35 |
| 9 | 9 | 5 | 15 | 14 |
| 32 | 12 | 49 | 15 | 27 |
| 32 | 30 | 10 | 17 | 14 |
| 10 | 16 | 8 | 6 | 6 |
| 8 | 28 | 31 | 14 | 3 |
| 6 | 23 | 6 | 2 | 15 |
| 53 | 31 | 0 | 59 | 0 |
| 1 | 14 | 0 | 34 | 14 |
| 0 | 16 | 6 | 21 | 17 |
| 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 11 |

Continued

| Area | M Feet | Total Cost |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\cdots 6705$ | $\ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 9,275.00$ |
| 50548 | 125,000 | $14,384.00$ |
| 1767 | 35 | $10,358.00$ |
| 960 | $\ldots .9$ | $7,475.00$ |
| 960 | 750 Pls. | $8,666.00$ |
| 11734 | 800 | $17,003.00$ |
| 7000 | 719 | $12,100.00$ |
| 208 | 265 | $10,307.00$ |
| 18678 | 1,800 | $36,652.00$ |
| 11629 | 5,839 | $2,950.00$ |
| 55416 | 37,000 | $98,824.09$ |
| 4535 | 5,830 | $37,091.76$ |
| 13328 | 1,634 | $28,278.22$ |
| 10462 | 1,105 | $32,111.11$ |
| 765 | 387 | $20,405.12$ |
| 15278 | 350 | $41,587.31$ |
| 6039 | 9,000 | $45,516.73$ |
| 44924 | 80,000 | $194,723.06$ |
| 640 | 150 | $22,055.37$ |
| 10912 | 40,416 | $43,654.66$ |
| 20586 | 6,000 | $188,763.28$ |
| 3017 | 1,233 | $37,767.77$ |
| 19275 | 2,522 | $44,010.89$ |
| 1592 | 689 | $14,343.59$ |

School of Forestry Library


[^0]:    \$ 8,897.81

