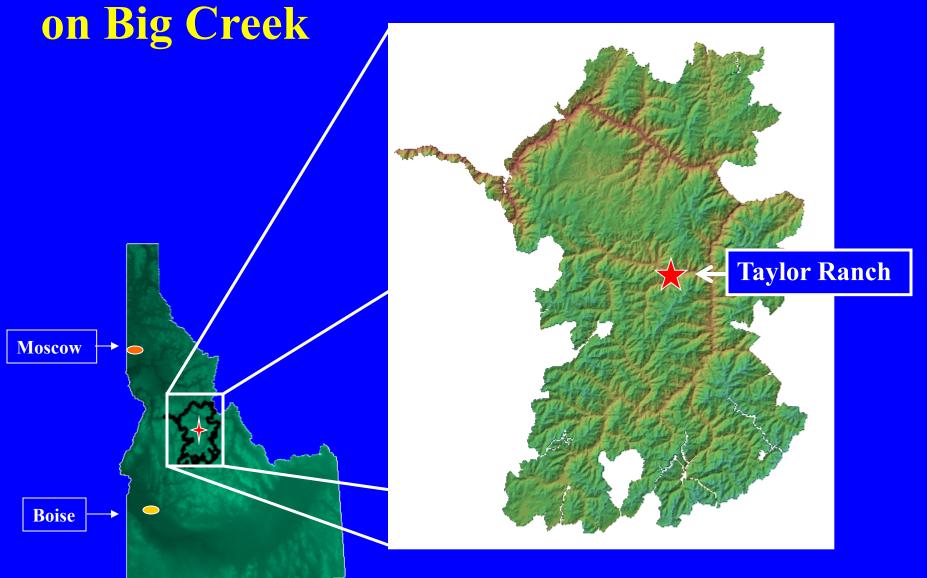
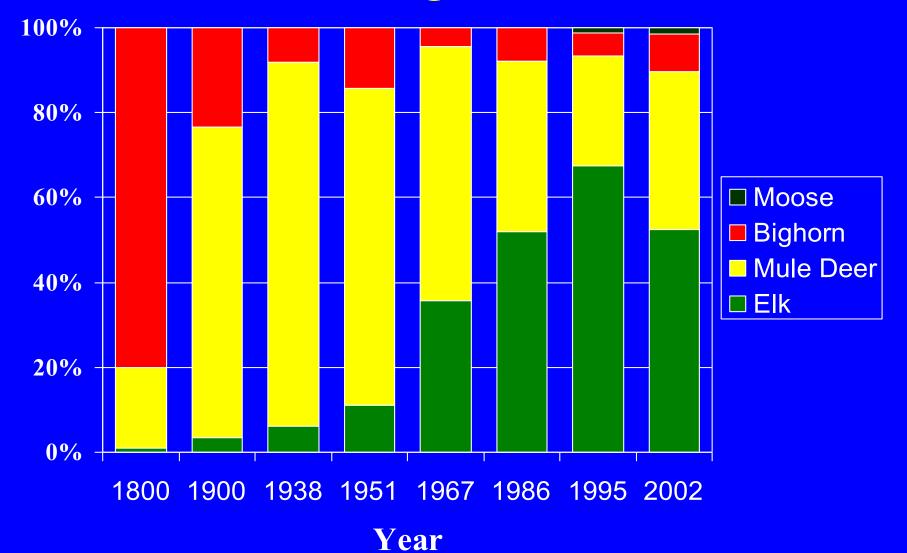


Taylor Ranch Field Station on Big Creek



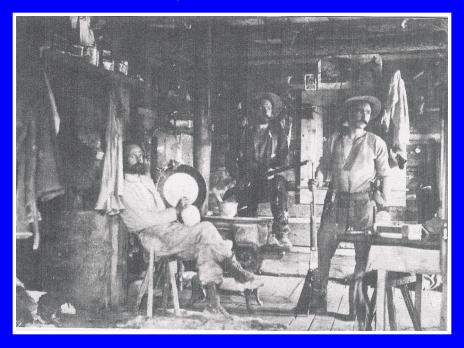


Historical Ungulate Abundance On Big Creek





Lou Caswell Caswell Diary March 24, 1898



"Wes killed 2 sheep, dressed them and grained the hides and commenced him a pair of stirrups out of sheep horns." (The 3 brothers recorded killing 25 cougars, 5 bears, 2 coyotes, 1 bobcat, 1 wolf, and 175 ungulates in 5 years, including over 40 bighorns)

Bighorn Sheep on Big Creek

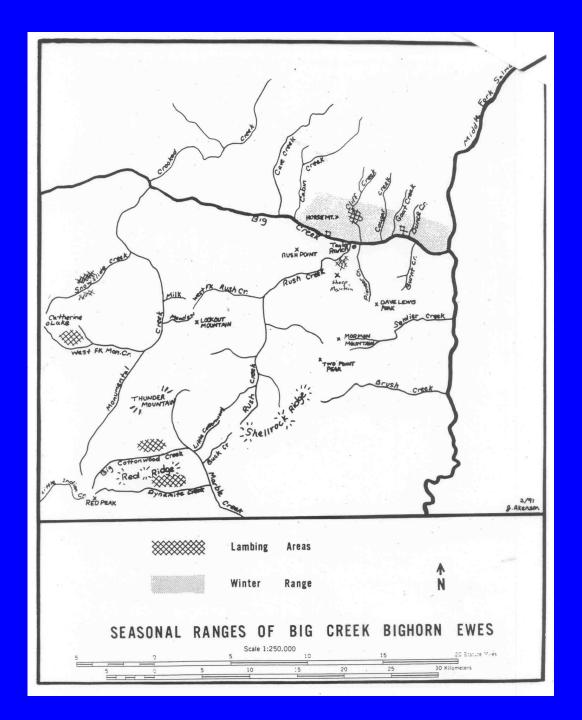
Research History

- Smith (1954)
- Bennett (1976)
- Akenson (1986)
- Akensons (1990)
- Van der Grift (1993)
- Wagner (1996)
- Frey (2000)
- McDaniel (2001)



Big Creek Seasonal Ranges

Longest
Lambing
Migration in
Lower 48



Bighorn Production and Summer Lamb Survival

	Lamb Production	August 1 survival
Akensons (1990)	76:100	7:100
McDaniel (2001)	95:100	84:100

Effect of Cougar Predation on Ungulate Populations

Hornocker: Elk>>Deer>Bighorn=Mtn Goat

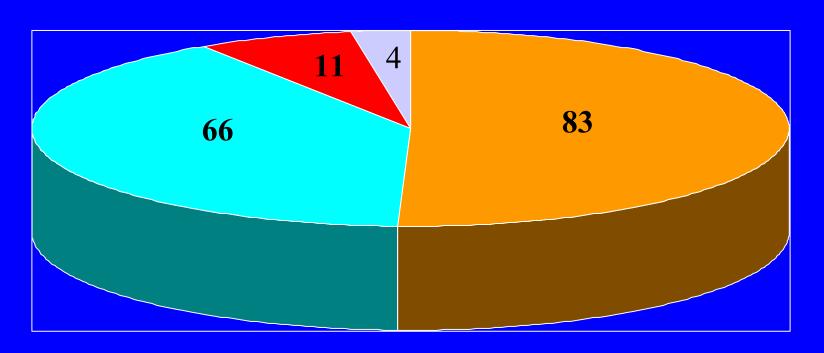
Seidensticker: Elk>>Deer

Quigley & Koehler: Elk=Deer

Akensons: Moose>>Elk=Deer>Bighorn

Species Composition of Ungulate Carcasses

7% of Mortalities were Bighorn Sheep



■ Elk ■ Deer ■ Bighorn ■ Moose

Bighorn Sheep Winter Mortalities

Cause of Death

• Disease 5

Cougar kill 4

• Unknown 4





Wolf Reintroduction, 1995

Big Creek Bighorns After The Diamond Point Fire of 2000



Why Conduct Ground Counts During the Bighorn Rut?

- Annual data set
- Timing: minimal sex bias during rut counts
- Low cost
- Collaboration among U of I, FNAWS, IDF&G
- Early warning for population problems
- Assess changes over winter by comparing to helicopter count









FNAWS Bighorn Sheep Counts

2001 crew: T. Heinrickson, D. Nachbar, J&H Akenson

2002 crew: C. Middleton, E. VanGrouw, Neil Paynter, J&H Akenson

2003 crew: T. Schommer, B. Burrows, D. Toweill, C. McDaniel, J&H Akenson

Year	Total	Ewes	Lambs	L:E Ratio	I Ram	II Ram	III Ram	IV Ram	Total Rams	R:E Ratio
2001	110	58	34	58:100	7	5	5	1	18	31:100
2002	98	41	23	56:100	9	15	9	1	34	83:100
2003	94	47	17	36:100	3	9	16	2	30	64:100

Comparison of Ground and Air Bighorn Composition Counts

	De	cember	March			
	Grou	nd Counts	Helicopter Counts			
Winter	Total	Lambs:	Total	Lambs:		
	Sheep	100 ewes	Sheep	100 Ewes		
2001-2002	110	59:100	81	32:100		
2003-2004	94	36:100	101	19:100		



Comparison of Ground and Air Bighorn Ram Composition Counts

	December			March			
	Ground Counts			Helicopter Counts			
Winter	Total			Total			
	Rams	I-II	III-IV	Rams	I-II	III-IV	
2001-2002	31 rams:100 ewes			30 rams:100 ewes			
	18	12	6	15	9	6	
2003-2004	64 rams:100 ewes			44 rams:100 ewes			
	30	12	18	27	18	9	



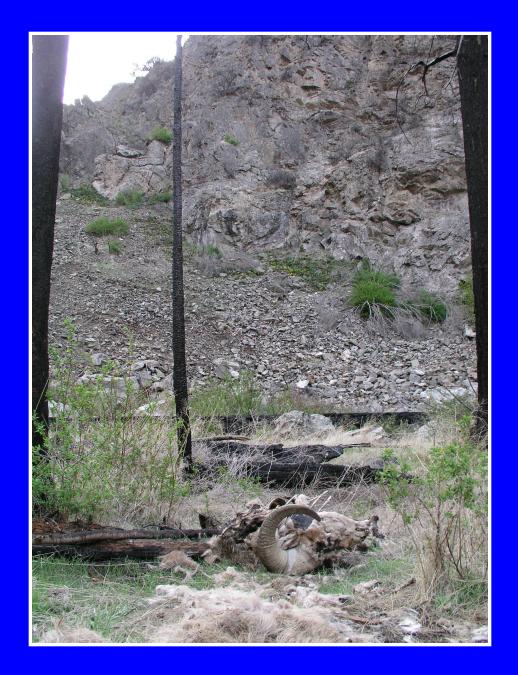
Comparison of December Ground Counts and March Helicopter Counts

- Similar numbers of bighorns were observed
- Composition ratios differed; lamb ratios were lower in spring
- December and March counts must be separate data sets, as they are not interchangeable





New Bighorn Mortality Factors?







Sheep?...might be a nice change from deer and elk.





Conclusions

POPULATION MONITORING:

• Valuable to continue

RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

- Fire and Habitat
- Predation
- Disease

